# **Cambridge Primary**

English Curriculum Framework (with codes)

# Cambridge **Primary**



### Contents

tage 1	1
tage 2	4
tage 3	7
tage 4	11
tage 5	15
tage 6	19

#### Note for the Reading and Writing strands

In the *Reading* and *Writing* strands the learning objectives listed under Fiction apply to **both** fiction and non-fiction. The learning objectives listed under Non-fiction are only those that are more relevant in the context of non-fiction.

#### Note on codes

Each learning objective has a unique curriculum framework code, e.g. **1PSV1**. These codes appear in the Cambridge Teacher Guide, schemes of work and other published resources. Each sub-strand has a blue reporting code, e.g. **Us**. These codes appear in Checkpoint feedback reports. Stages 1 and 2 are not assessed and so do not have reporting codes. Similarly, *Speaking and listening* is not assessed and so does not have reporting codes.

### Introduction

Welcome to the Cambridge Primary English curriculum framework.

This framework provides a comprehensive set of progressive learning objectives for English. The objectives detail what the learner should know or what they should be able to do in English in each year of primary education. They provide a structure for teaching and learning and a reference against which learners' ability and understanding can be checked.

The Cambridge Primary English curriculum is presented in five content areas. The framework promotes an enquiry-based approach to learning to develop thinking skills and encourage intellectual engagement. Phonics, spelling and vocabulary and Grammar and punctuation are about use of English. Grammar and punctuation is further divided into Reading and Writing to reflect the different ways in which grammar and punctuation are applied in each of these skills. Reading, Writing, and Speaking and listening are about developing thinking skills and encouraging intellectual engagement. This curriculum aims to enable learners to communicate confidently and effectively and to develop critical skills in order to respond to a range of information, media and texts with enjoyment and understanding. Learners who follow this framework will develop a first language competency in English based on a curriculum designed to be successful in any culture and to promote cross-cultural understanding. The Cambridge Primary English curriculum framework provides a solid foundation on which the later stages of education can be built.

The Cambridge Curriculum is founded on the values of the University of Cambridge and best practice in schools. The curriculum is dedicated to developing learners who are confident, responsible, innovative and engaged. Each curriculum framework for English, mathematics and science is designed to engage learners in an active and creative learning journey.

# Phonics, spelling and vocabulary

- 1PSV1 Hear, read and write initial letter sounds.
- **1PSV2** Know the name and most common sound associated with every letter in the English alphabet.
- **1PSV3** Identify separate sounds (phonemes) within words, which may be represented by more than one letter, e.g. 'th', 'ch', 'sh'.
- **1PSV4** Use knowledge of sounds to read and write single syllable words with short vowels.
- **1PSV5** Blend to read, and segment to spell, words with final and initial adjacent consonants, e.g. *b-l*, *n-d*.
- 1PSV6 Begin to learn common spellings of long vowel phonemes, e.g. 'ee', 'ai', 'oo'.
- 1PSV7 Use knowledge of sounds to write simple regular words, and to attempt other words.
- **1PSV8** Spell familiar common words accurately, drawing on sight vocabulary.
- **1PSV9** Use rhyme and relate this to spelling patterns.
- 1PSV10 Recognise common word endings, e.g. -s, -ed and -ing.

# **Grammar and punctuation**

#### Reading

- 1GPr1 Pause at full stops when reading.
- 1GPr2 Identify sentences in a text.
- **1GPr3** Know that a capital letter is used for *I*, for proper nouns and for the start of a sentence.

#### Writing

- **1GPw1** Mark some sentence endings with a full stop.
- 1GPw2 Write sentence-like structures which may be joined by and.

### Reading

The following genres and text types are recommended at Stage 1:

Fiction and poetry: real life stories, traditional tales from different cultures, fantasy stories, poetry and plays.

Non-fiction: non-chronological report, simple recount, instructions.

#### Fiction and poetry

- **1Rf1** Join in with reading familiar, simple stories and poems. Demonstrate an understanding that one spoken word corresponds with one written word.
- **1Rf2** Know that in English, print is read from left to right and top to bottom.
- 1Rf3 Read a range of common words on sight.
- **1Rf4** Use phonic knowledge to read decodable words and to attempt to sound out some elements of unfamiliar words.
- 1Rf5 Read aloud from simple books independently.
- **1Rf6** Anticipate what happens next in a story.
- **1Rf7** Talk about events in a story and make simple inferences about characters and events to show understanding.
- **1Rf8** Recognise story elements, e.g. beginning, middle and end.
- **1Rf9** Retell stories, with some appropriate use of story language.

- 1Rf10 Talk about significant aspects of a story's language, e.g. repetitive refrain, rhyme, patterned language.
- **1Rf11** Enjoy a range of books, discussing preferences.
- **1Rf12** Make links to own experiences.
- 1Rf13 Learn and recite simple poems.
- 1Rf14 Join in and extend rhymes and refrains, playing with language patterns.

#### Non-fiction

- 1Rn1 Read labels, lists and captions to find information.
- **1Rn2** Know the parts of a book, e.g. title page, contents.
- **1Rn3** Show awareness that texts for different purposes look different, e.g. use of photographs, diagrams, etc.
- **1Rn4** Read and talk about own writing.

### Writing

#### **Fiction**

- **1Wf1** Write simple storybooks with sentences to caption pictures.
- **1Wf2** Write a sequence of sentences retelling a familiar story or recounting an experience.
- 1Wf3 Begin to use some formulaic language, e.g. Once upon a time.
- 1Wf4 Compose and write a simple sentence with a capital letter and a full stop.
- **1Wf5** Use relevant vocabulary.

#### Non-fiction

- **1Wn1** Write for a purpose using some basic features of text type.
- **1Wn2** Write simple information texts with labels, captions, lists, questions and instructions for a purpose.
- **1Wn3** Record answers to questions, e.g. as lists, charts.

#### **Presentation**

- **1Wp1** Develop a comfortable and efficient pencil grip.
- 1Wp2 Form letters correctly.

- **1SL1** Speak clearly and choose words carefully to express feelings and ideas when speaking of matters of immediate interest.
- **1SL2** Converse audibly with friends, teachers and other adults.
- 1SL3 Show some awareness of the listener through non-verbal communication.
- 1SL4 Answer questions and explain further when asked.
- **1SL5** Speak confidently to a group to share an experience.
- **1SL6** Take turns in speaking.
- **1SL7** Listen to others and respond appropriately.
- **1SL8** Listen carefully to questions and instructions.
- **1SL9** Engage in imaginative play, enacting simple characters or situations.
- **1SL10** Note that people speak in different ways for different purposes and meanings.

# Phonics, spelling and vocabulary

- **2PSV1** Learn the different common spellings of long vowel phonemes.
- 2PSV2 Learn the different ways in which vowels can be pronounced,
   e.g. how, low, apple, apron.
- **2PSV3** Apply knowledge of phonemes and spelling patterns in writing independently.
- **2PSV4** Secure the spelling of high frequency words and common irregular words.
- 2PSV5 Identify syllables and split familiar compound words into parts.
- **2PSV6** Spell words with common prefixes and suffixes, e.g. *un-*, *dis-*, *-ful*, *-ly*.
- **2PSV7** Build and use collections of interesting and significant words.
- **2PSV8** Discuss the meaning of unfamiliar words encountered in reading.
- **2PSV9** Choose interesting words and phrases, e.g. in describing people and places.

# **Grammar and punctuation**

#### Reading

- **2GPr1** Begin to read with fluency and expression, taking some notice of punctuation, including speech marks.
- **2GPr2** Read and respond to question words, e.g. *what, where, when, who, why.*

#### Writing

- 2GPw1 Write in clear sentences using capital letters, full stops and question marks.
- 2GPw2 Use past and present tenses accurately but not always consistently.
- 2GPw3 Use mainly simple and compound sentences, with and/but used to connect ideas. Because may begin to be used in a complex sentence.
- **2GPw4** Begin to vary sentence openings, e.g. with simple adverbs.
- **2GPw5** Use a variety of simple organisational devices in non-fiction, e.g. headings, captions.
- **2GPw6** Begin to re-read own writing for sense and accuracy.

# Reading

The following genres and text types are recommended at Stage 2:

Fiction and poetry: real life stories, traditional tales from different cultures, different stories by the same author, longer stories, poetry and plays.

Non-fiction: non-chronological report, instructions, explanation, reference texts.

#### **Fiction and poetry**

- **2Rf1** Extend the range of common words recognised on sight.
- **2Rf2** Use phonics as the main method of tackling unfamiliar words.
- 2Rf3 Read aloud with increased accuracy, fluency and expression.
- 2Rf4 Identify and describe story settings and characters, recognising that they may be from different times and places.
- 2Rf5 Predict story endings.
- **2Rf6** Make simple inferences from the words on the page, e.g. about feelings.
- **2Rf7** Talk about what happens at the beginning, in the middle or at the end of a story.
- **2Rf8** Comment on some vocabulary choices, e.g. adjectives.
- **2Rf9** Begin to develop likes and dislikes in reading.

• **2Rf10** Read poems and comment on words and sounds, rhyme and rhythm.

#### Non-fiction

- 2Rn1 Read and follow simple instructions, e.g. in a recipe.
- **2Rn2** Locate words by initial letter in simple dictionaries, glossaries and indexes.
- **2Rn3** Find answers to questions by reading a section of text.
- **2Rn4** Find factual information from different formats, e.g. charts, labelled diagrams.
- 2Rn5 Identify general features of known text types.
- 2Rn6 Show some awareness that texts have different purposes.
- **2Rn7** Explore a variety of non-fiction texts on screen.

### Writing

#### **Fiction**

- 2Wf1 Develop stories with a setting, characters and a sequence of events.
- **2Wf2** Structure a story with a beginning, middle and end.
- **2Wf3** Link ideas in sections, grouped by content.
- **2Wf4** Find alternatives to *and/then* in developing a narrative and connecting ideas.
- 2Wf5 Write with a variety of sentence types.
- 2Wf6 Use the structures of familiar poems and stories in developing own writing.
- **2Wf7** Begin to use dialogue in stories.
- **2Wf8** Use the language of time, e.g. suddenly, after that.
- **2Wf9** Choose some interesting words and phrases, e.g. in describing people and places.

#### Non-fiction

- **2Wn1** Write simple evaluations of books read.
- **2Wn2** Write instructions and recount events and experiences.
- **2Wn3** Use features of chosen text type.
- 2Wn4 Use simple non-fiction texts as a model for writing.
- **2Wn5** Make simple notes from a section of non-fiction texts, e.g. listing key words.

#### Presentation

- **2Wp1** Form letters correctly and consistently.
- 2Wp2 Practise handwriting patterns and the joining of letters.

- 2SL1 Recount experiences and explore possibilities.
- **2SL2** Explain plans and ideas, extending them in the light of discussion.
- **2SL3** Articulate clearly so that others can hear.
- **2SL4** Vary talk and expression to gain and hold the listener's attention.
- **2SL5** Show awareness of the listener by including relevant details.
- **2SL6** Attempt to express ideas precisely, using a growing vocabulary.
- 2SL7 Listen carefully and respond appropriately, asking questions of others.
- **2SL8** Demonstrate 'attentive listening' and engage with another speaker.
- **2SL9** Extend experiences and ideas through role-play.
- **2SL10** Begin to be aware of ways in which speakers vary talk, for example the use of more formal vocabulary and tone of voice.
- 2SL11 Show awareness that speakers use a variety of ways of speaking in different situations and try out different ways of speaking.

### Phonics, spelling and vocabulary

- 3PSV1 Use effective strategies to tackle blending unfamiliar
  words to read, including sounding out, separating into syllables,
  using analogy, identifying known suffixes and prefixes, using
  context.
- Us 3PSV2 Use and spell compound words.
- Un 3PSV3 Know irregular forms of common verbs.
- 3PSV4 Use effective strategies to tackle segmenting unfamiliar
  words to spell, including segmenting into individual sounds,
  separating into syllables, using analogy, identifying known
  suffixes and prefixes, applying known spelling rules, visual
  memory, mnemonics.
- **Us 3PSV5** Learn rules for adding -ing, -ed, -s to verbs.
- Uv 3PSV6 Extend earlier work on prefixes and suffixes.
- 3PSV7 Explore words that have the same spelling but different meanings (homonyms), e.g. form, wave.
- **3PSV8** Use a dictionary or electronic means to find the spelling and meaning of words.
- 3PSV9 Organise words or information alphabetically using first two letters.
- 3PSV10 Identify misspelt words in own writing and keep individual spelling logs.
- Uv 3PSV11 Consider how choice of words can heighten meaning.

- Uv 3PSV12 Infer the meaning of unknown words from the context.
- 3PSV13 Explore vocabulary for introducing and concluding dialogue, e.g. said, asked.
- 3PSV14 Generate synonyms for high frequency words, e.g. big, little, good.

# **Grammar and punctuation**

#### Reading

- Up 3GPr1 Use knowledge of punctuation and grammar to read age-appropriate texts with fluency, understanding and expression.
- Up 3GPr2 Recognise the use of the apostrophe to mark omission in shortened words, e.g. can't, don't.
- Un 3GPr3 Collect examples of nouns, verbs and adjectives, and use the terms appropriately.
- Un 3GPr4 Identify pronouns and understand their function in a sentence.
- Un 3GPr5 Understand that verbs are necessary for meaning in a sentence.
- 3GPr6 Understand pluralisation and use the terms 'singular' and 'plural'.

# **Grammar and punctuation (continued)**

#### Writing

- **Up 3GPw1** Maintain accurate use of capital letters and full stops in showing sentences.
- Up 3GPw2 Learn the basic conventions of speech punctuation and begin to use speech marks.
- Up 3GPw3 Use question marks, exclamation marks, and commas in lists.
- Un 3GPw4 Continue to improve consistency in the use of tenses.
- 3GPw5 Ensure grammatical agreement of pronouns and verbs in using standard English.
- 3GPw6 Use a wider variety of sentence types including simple, compound and some complex sentences.
- **3GPw7** Begin to vary sentence openings, e.g. with simple adverbs.

### Reading

The following genres and text types are recommended at Stage 3:

Fiction and poetry: real life stories, myths and legends, adventure stories, poetry and plays.

Non-fiction: letters, reports, instructions, reference texts.

#### Fiction and poetry

- **Ru 3Rf1** Sustain the reading of 48 and 64 page books, noting how a text is organised into sections or chapters.
- Ru 3Rf2 Read aloud with expression to engage the listener.
- Rx 3Rf3 Answer questions with some reference to single points in a text.
- **Ri 3Rf4** Begin to infer meanings beyond the literal, e.g. about motives and character.
- Ru 3Rf5 Identify different types of stories and typical story themes.
- Rx 3Rf6 Identify the main points or gist of a text.
- Ru 3Rf7 Consider words that make an impact, e.g. adjectives and powerful verbs.
- Ru 3Rf8 Understand and use the terms 'fact', 'fiction' and 'non-fiction'.
- **Ru 3Rf9** Read a range of story, poetry and information books and begin to make links between them.
- Ru 3Rf10 Read and comment on different books by the same author.
- Ru 3Rf11 Read play-scripts and dialogue, with awareness of different voices.
- Ru 3Rf12 Practise learning and reciting poems.

# **Reading (continued)**

#### Non-fiction

- **Rx 3Rn1** Scan a passage to find specific information and answer questions.
- **Rx 3Rn2** Locate information in non-fiction texts using contents page and index.
- **Rx 3Rn3** Read and follow instructions to carry out an activity.
- **Ru 3Rn4** Consider ways that information is set out on page and on screen, e.g. lists, charts, bullet points.
- Ru 3Rn5 Locate books by classification.
- **Rx 3Rn6** Identify the main purpose of a text.
- **Rx 3Rn7** Use ICT sources to locate simple information.

### Writing

#### **Fiction**

- Wc 3Wf1 Write first-person accounts and descriptions based on observation.
- Wc 3Wf2 Develop descriptions of settings in stories.
- Wc 3Wf3 Write portraits of characters.
- Wt 3Wf4 Write simple play-scripts based on reading.
- Wc 3Wf5 Plan main points as a structure for story writing.
- Wt 3Wf6 Begin to organise writing in sections or paragraphs in extended stories.
- Wt **3Wf7** Develop range of adverbials to signal the relationship between events.
- Wt 3Wf8 Use reading as a model for writing dialogue.
- Wa 3Wf9 Write and perform poems, attending to the sound of words.
- 3Wf10 Choose and compare words to strengthen the impact of writing, including noun phrases.

# Writing (continued)

#### Non-fiction

- Wa 3Wn1 Write book reviews summarising what a book is about.
- Wt 3Wn2 Establish purpose for writing, using features and style based on model texts.
- Wa 3Wn3 Write letters, notes and messages.
- Wc 3Wn4 Make a record of information drawn from a text, e.g. by completing a chart.

#### **Presentation**

- 3Wp1 Ensure consistency in the size and proportion of letters and the spacing of words.
- Us 3Wp2 Practise joining letters in handwriting.
- **Us 3Wp3** Build up handwriting speed, fluency and legibility.
- Wa 3Wp4 Use ICT to write, edit and present work.

- **3SL1** Speak clearly and confidently in a range of contexts, including longer speaking turns.
- 3SL2 Adapt tone of voice, use of vocabulary and non-verbal features for different audiences.
- **3SL3** Take turns in discussion, building on what others have said.
- **3SL4** Listen and respond appropriately to others' views and opinions.
- **3SL5** Listen and remember a sequence of instructions.
- **3SL6** Practise to improve performance when reading aloud.
- **3SL7** Begin to adapt movement to create a character in drama.
- **3SL8** Develop sensitivity to ways that others express meaning in their talk and non-verbal communication.

### Phonics, spelling and vocabulary

- 4PSV1 Extend knowledge and use of spelling patterns, e.g. vowel phonemes, double consonants, silent letters, common prefixes and suffixes.
- 4PSV2 Confirm all parts of the verb to be and know when to use each one.
- 4PSV3 Apply phonic/spelling, graphic, grammatical and contextual knowledge in reading unfamiliar words.
- Us 4PSV4 Identify syllabic patterns in multisyllabic words.
- **Us 4PSV5** Spell words with common letter strings but different pronunciations, e.g. *tough*, *through*, *trough*, *plough*.
- 4PSV6 Investigate spelling patterns; generate and test rules that govern them.
- 4PSV7 Revise rules for spelling words with common inflections,
   e.g. -ing, -ed, -s.
- Uv 4PSV8 Extend earlier work on prefixes and suffixes.
- **Us 4PSV9** Match spelling to meaning when words sound the same (homophones), e.g. *to/two/too*, *right/write*.
- Us 4PSV10 Use all the letters in sequence for alphabetical ordering.
- 4PSV11 Check and correct spellings and identify words that need to be learned.
- **Uv 4PSV12** Use more powerful verbs, e.g. *rushed* instead of *went*.

- 4PSV13 Explore degrees of intensity in adjectives, e.g. cold, tepid, warm, hot.
- 4PSV14 Look for alternatives for overused words and expressions.
- 4PSV15 Collect and classify words with common roots, e.g. invent, prevent.
- 4PSV16 Build words from other words with similar meanings,
   e.g. medical, medicine.

### **Grammar and punctuation**

#### Reading

- **Up 4GPr1** Use knowledge of punctuation and grammar to read with fluency, understanding and expression.
- Up 4GPr2 Identify all the punctuation marks and respond to them when reading.
- Up 4GPr3 Learn the use of the apostrophe to show possession, e.g. girl's, girls'.
- Up 4GPr4 Practise using commas to mark out meaning within sentences.
- Un 4GPr5 Identify adverbs and their impact on meaning.
- Un 4GPr6 Investigate past, present and future tenses of verbs.
- 4GPr7 Investigate the grammar of different sentences: statements, questions and orders.
- **Un 4GPr8** Understand the use of connectives to structure an argument, e.g. *if*, *although*.

# **Grammar and punctuation (continued)**

#### Writing

- 4GPw1 Use a range of end-of-sentence punctuation with accuracy.
- Up 4GPw2 Use speech marks and begin to use other associated punctuation.
- 4GPw3 Experiment with varying tenses within texts, e.g. in dialogue.
- 4GPw4 Use a wider variety of connectives in an increasing range of sentences.
- 4GPw5 Re-read own writing to check punctuation and grammatical sense.

# Reading

The following genres and text types are recommended at Stage 4:

Fiction and poetry: historical stories, stories set in imaginary worlds, stories from other cultures, real life stories with issues/dilemmas, poetry and plays including imagery.

Non-fiction: newspapers and magazines, reference texts, explanations, persuasion including advertisements.

#### Fiction and poetry

- Ru 4Rf1 Extend the range of reading.
- **Ru 4Rf2** Explore the different processes of reading silently and reading aloud.
- **Ri 4Rf3** Investigate how settings and characters are built up from details and identify key words and phrases.
- **Rx 4Rf4** Explore implicit as well as explicit meanings within a text.
- Ri 4Rf5 Recognise meaning in figurative language.
- **Ru 4Rf6** Understand the main stages in a story from introduction to resolution.
- **Ru 4Rf7** Explore narrative order and the focus on significant events.
- **4Rf8** Retell or paraphrase events from the text in response to questions.
- **Ru 4Rf9** Understand how expressive and descriptive language creates mood.
- **Ri 4Rf10** Express a personal response to a text and link characters and settings to personal experience.
- **Ru 4Rf11** Read further stories or poems by a favourite writer, and compare them.
- Ru 4Rf12 Read and perform play-scripts, exploring how scenes are built up.
- **Ru 4Rf13** Explore the impact of imagery and figurative language in poetry, including alliteration and simile, e.g. *as ... as a ...*
- **Ru 4Rf14** Compare and contrast poems and investigate poetic features.

# **Reading (continued)**

#### Non-fiction

- **Ru 4Rn1** Understand how points are ordered to make a coherent argument.
- **Ru 4Rn2** Understand how paragraphs and chapters are used to organise ideas.
- Ru 4Rn3 Identify different types of non-fiction text and their known key features.
- **Ru 4Rn4** Read newspaper reports and consider how they engage the reader.
- Ru 4Rn5 Investigate how persuasive writing is used to convince a reader.
- **Rx 4Rn6** Note key words and phrases to identify the main points in a passage.
- 4Rn7 Distinguish between fact and opinion in print and ICT sources.

### Writing

#### **Fiction**

- Wc 4Wf1 Explore different ways of planning stories, and write longer stories from plans.
- Wc 4Wf2 Elaborate on basic information with some detail.
- Wc 4Wf3 Write character profiles, using detail to capture the reader's imagination.
- Wt 4Wf4 Explore alternative openings and endings for stories.
- Wa 4Wf5 Begin to adopt a viewpoint as a writer, expressing opinions about characters or places.
- **Wt 4Wf6** Begin to use paragraphs more consistently to organise and sequence ideas.
- Wc 4Wf7 Choose and compare words to strengthen the impact of writing, including some powerful verbs.

# Writing (continued)

#### Non-fiction

- Wa 4Wn1 Explore the layout and presentation of writing, in the context of helping it to fit its purpose.
- Wa 4Wn2 Show awareness of the reader by adopting an appropriate style or viewpoint.
- Wa 4Wn3 Write newspaper-style reports, instructions and nonchronological reports.
- **Wa 4Wn4** Present an explanation or a point of view in ordered points, e.g. in a letter.
- Wt 4Wn5 Collect and present information from non-fiction texts.
- Wc 4Wn6 Make short notes from a text and use these to aid writing.
- Wc 4Wn7 Summarise a sentence or a paragraph in a limited number of words.

#### Presentation

Us • 4Wp1 Use joined-up handwriting in all writing.

- **4SL1** Organise ideas in a longer speaking turn to help the listener.
- 4SL2 Vary use of vocabulary and level of detail according to purpose.
- 4SL3 Understand the gist of an account or the significant points and respond to main ideas with relevant suggestions and comments.
- 4SL4 Deal politely with opposing points of view.
- **4SL5** Listen carefully in discussion, contributing relevant comments and questions.
- 4SL6 Adapt the pace and loudness of speaking appropriately when performing or reading aloud.
- **4SL7** Adapt speech and gesture to create a character in drama.
- 4SL8 Comment on different ways that meaning can be expressed in own and others' talk.

### Phonics, spelling and vocabulary

- **5PSV1** Investigate the spelling of word-final unstressed vowels, e.g. the unstressed 'er' at the end of butter and unstressed 'ee' at the end of city.
- **Us 5PSV2** Recognise a range of less common letter strings in words which may be pronounced differently.
- **Us 5PSV3** Spell and make correct use of possessive pronouns, e.g. their, theirs, my, mine.
- **5PSV4** Identify 'silent' vowels in polysyllabic words, e.g. library, interest.
- **5PSV5** Use effective strategies for learning new spellings and misspelt words.
- 5PSV6 Learn spelling rules for words ending in -e and -y, e.g. take/taking, try/tries.
- **Us 5PSV7** Know rules for doubling consonants and investigate patterns in the use of single and double consonants, e.g. -full/-ful.
- **Us 5PSV8** Investigate spelling patterns for pluralisation, e.g. -s, -es, -y/-ies, -f/-ves.
- **5PSV9** Extend earlier work on prefixes and suffixes, recognising that different spelling rules apply for suffixes which begin with vowels and those that begin with consonants.
- **5PSV10** Investigate ways of creating opposites, e.g. *un-, im-* and comparatives, e.g. *-er, -est*.
- **Us 5PSV11** Revise grammatical homophones, e.g. *they're, their, there.*
- **5PSV12** Use dictionaries efficiently and carry out ICT spell checks.

- 5PSV13 Identify unfamiliar words, explore definitions and use new words in context.
- **5PSV14** Extend understanding of the use of adverbs to qualify verbs, e.g. in dialogue.
- **5PSV15** Use a thesaurus to extend vocabulary and choice of words.
- 5PSV16 Collect synonyms and opposites and investigate shades of meaning.
- **5PSV17** Use known spellings to work out the spelling of related words.
- **5PSV18** Identify word roots and derivations to support spelling and vocabulary, e.g. sign, signal, signature.
- 5PSV19 Investigate the origin and appropriate use of idiomatic phrases.

### **Grammar and punctuation**

#### Reading

- Up 5GPr1 Learn how dialogue is set out and punctuated.
- Un 5GPr2 Identify prepositions and use the term.
- Un 5GPr3 Understand conventions of standard English, e.g. agreement of verbs.
- Un 5GPr4 Understand the difference between direct and reported speech.
- Un 5GPr5 Investigate clauses within sentences and how they are connected.

# **Grammar and punctuation (continued)**

#### Writing

- **Up 5GPw1** Begin to use the comma to separate clauses within sentences and clarify meaning in complex sentences.
- Up 5GPw2 Use apostrophes for both possession and shortened forms.
- 5GPw3 Begin to set out dialogue appropriately, using a range of punctuation.
- Un **5GPw4** Use an increasing range of subordinating connectives.
- 5GPw5 Explore ways of combining simple sentences and re-ordering clauses to make compound and complex sentences.
- 5GPw6 Use pronouns, making clear to what or to whom they refer.
- Wa **5GPw7** Practise proofreading and editing own writing for clarity and correctness.

### Reading

The following genres and text types are recommended at Stage 5:

Fiction and poetry: novels and longer stories, fables, myths and legends, stories from other cultures, older literature including traditional tales, poetry and plays including film narrative and dramatic conventions.

Non-fiction: instructions, recounts (including biography), persuasion.

#### Fiction and poetry

- **Ru 5Rf1** Read widely and explore the features of different fiction genres.
- **SRf2** Provide accurate textual reference from more than one point in a story to support answers to questions.
- Ru 5Rf3 Compare the structure of different stories.
- **Ru 5Rf4** Comment on a writer's use of language and explain reasons for writer's choices.
- FRIF Begin to interpret imagery and techniques, e.g. metaphor, personification, simile, adding to understanding beyond the literal.
- Ru 5Rf6 Discuss metaphorical expressions and figures of speech.
- **8i 5Rf7** Identify the point of view from which a story is told.
- Fig. 6
   FRf8 Consider how a writer expresses their own point of view,
   e.g. how characters are presented.
- Ru 5Rf9 Read and identify characteristics of myths, legends and fables.
- Ru 5Rf10 Compare and evaluate the print and film versions of a novel or play.
- Ru 5Rf11 Compare dialogue and dramatic conventions in film narrative.
- Ru 5Rf12 Read and perform narrative poems.
- Ru 5Rf13 Read poems by significant poets and compare style, forms and themes.

# **Reading (continued)**

#### Non-fiction

- FRM 5Rn1 Look for information in non-fiction texts to build on what is already known.
- **Rx 5Rn2** Locate information confidently and efficiently from different sources.
- **Rx 5Rn3** Skim read to gain an overall sense of a text and scan for specific information.
- FRM4 Develop note-taking to extract key points and to group and link ideas.
- **Ru 5Rn5** Note the use of persuasive devices, words and phrases in print and other media.
- **Ru 5Rn6** Explore the features of texts which are about events and experiences, e.g. diaries.
- **Ru 5Rn7** Understand the use of impersonal style in explanatory texts.
- **Ru 5Rn8** Read and evaluate non-fiction texts for purpose, style, clarity and organisation.
- Ru 5Rn9 Compare writing that informs and persuades.

### Writing

#### **Fiction**

- Wc **5Wf1** Map out writing to plan structure, e.g. paragraphs, sections, chapters.
- Wc 5Wf2 Write new scenes or characters into a story, or write from another viewpoint.
- **Wt 5Wf3** Write own versions of legends, myths and fables, using structures from reading.
- Wc 5Wf4 Choose words and phrases carefully to convey feeling and atmosphere.
- Wa 5Wf5 Maintain a consistent viewpoint when writing.
- Wt 5Wf6 Begin to attempt to establish links between paragraphs using adverbials.
- **Wa 5Wf7** Write a play-script, including production notes to guide performance.
- Wc 5Wf8 Use imagery and figurative language to evoke imaginative response.

# **Writing (continued)**

#### Non-fiction

- Wc 5Wn1 Record ideas, reflections and predictions about books, e.g. in a reading log.
- Wa 5Wn2 Draft and write letters for real purposes.
- **Uv 5Wn3** Use a more specialised vocabulary to match the topic.
- **Wa 5Wn4** Write non-chronological reports and explanations.
- Wa 5Wn5 Write a commentary on an issue, setting out and justifying a personal view.
- Wc 5Wn6 Make notes for different purposes, using simple abbreviations and writing 'in your own words'.
- Wc 5Wn7 Understand the use of notes in writing 'in your own words'.
- Wa 5Wn8 Evaluate own and others' writing.

#### **Presentation**

**Wa** • **5Wp1** Review, revise and edit writing in order to improve it, using ICT as appropriate.

- **5SL1** Shape and organise ideas clearly when speaking to aid listener.
- **5SL2** Prepare and present an argument to persuade others to adopt a point of view.
- **5SL3** Talk confidently in extended turns and listen purposefully in a range of contexts.
- **5SL4** Begin to adapt non-verbal gestures and vocabulary to suit content and audience.
- 5SL5 Describe events and convey opinions with increasing clarity and detail.
- 5SL6 Recall and discuss important features of a talk, possibly contributing new ideas.
- 5SL7 Ask questions to develop ideas and extend understanding.
- **5SL8** Report back to a group, using notes to present findings about a topic studied. Evaluate what is heard and give reasons for agreement or disagreement.
- **5SL9** Take different roles and responsibilities within a group.
- **5SL10** Convey ideas about characters in drama through deliberate choice of speech, gesture and movement.
- **5SL11** Begin to discuss how and why language choices vary in different situations.

### Phonics, spelling and vocabulary

- **Us 6PSV1** Learn word endings with different spellings but the same pronunciation, e.g. *-tion*, *-cian*, *-sion*, *-ssion*; *-ance*, *-ence*.
- 6PSV2 Confirm correct choices when representing consonants,
   e.g. 'ck'/'k'/'ke'/'que'/'ch'; 'ch'/'tch'; 'j'/'dj'/'dje'.
- 6PSV3 Continue to learn words, apply patterns and improve accuracy in spelling.
- 6PSV4 Further investigate spelling rules and exceptions, including representing unstressed vowels.
- 6PSV5 Develop knowledge of word roots, prefixes and suffixes, including recognising variations, e.g. im, in, ir, il; ad, ap, af, al and knowing when to use double consonants.
- 6PSV6 Know how to transform meaning with prefixes and suffixes.
- Un 6PSV7 Investigate meanings and spellings of connectives.
- 6PSV8 Explore definitions and shades of meaning and use new words in context.
- 6PSV9 Explore word origins and derivations and the use of words from other languages.
- 6PSV10 Understand changes over time in words and expressions and their use.
- **Uv 6PSV11** Explore proverbs, sayings and figurative expressions.

### **Grammar and punctuation**

#### Reading

- Up 6GPr1 Identify uses of the colon, semi-colon, parenthetic commas, dashes and brackets.
- Un 6GPr2 Revise different word classes.
- 6GPr3 Investigate the use of conditionals, e.g. to express possibility.
- 6GPr4 Begin to show awareness of the impact of writers' choices of sentence length and structure.
- 6GPr5 Revise language conventions and grammatical features of different types of text.
- Un 6GPr6 Explore use of active and passive verbs within a sentence.
- 6GPr7 Understand the conventions of standard English usage in different forms of writing.
- GGPr8 Distinguish the main clause and other clauses in a complex sentence.

# **Grammar and punctuation (continued)**

#### Writing

- **Up 6GPw1** Punctuate speech and use apostrophes accurately.
- Wt **6GPw2** Use a wider range of connectives to clarify relationships between ideas, e.g. *however*, *therefore*, *although*.
- Wt 6GPw3 Use connectives to structure an argument or discussion.
- 6GPw4 Develop grammatical control of complex sentences, manipulating them for effect.
- 6GPw5 Develop increasing accuracy in using punctuation effectively to mark out the meaning in complex sentences.

# Reading

The following genres and text types are recommended at Stage 6:

Fiction: various genres including science fiction, extended narratives, stories with flashbacks, poetry and plays including imagery.

Non-fiction: instructions, recounts (including biography and autobiography), diaries, journalistic writing, argument and discussion, formal and impersonal writing.

#### **Fiction and poetry**

 Ru • 6Rf1 Develop familiarity with the work of established authors and poets, identifying features which are common to more than one text.

- **Ri 6Rf2** Consider how the author manipulates the reaction of the reader, e.g. how characters and settings are presented.
- **Ri 6Rf3** Look for implicit meanings, and make plausible inferences based on more than one point in the text.
- **Ru 6Rf4** Understand aspects of narrative structure, e.g. the handling of time.
- **Ru 6Rf5** Analyse the success of writing in evoking particular moods, e.g. suspense.
- **Rx 6Rf6** Paraphrase explicit meanings based on information at more than one point in the text.
- **Ru 6Rf7** Comment on writer's use of language, demonstrating awareness of its impact on the reader.
- Ru 6Rf8 Begin to develop awareness that the context for which the writer is writing and the context in which the reader is reading can impact on how the text is understood.
- **Ri 6Rf9** Take account of viewpoint in a novel, and distinguish voice of author from that of narrator.
- **Ru 6Rf10** Discuss and express preferences in terms of language, style and themes.
- **Ri 6Rf11** Articulate personal responses to reading, with close reference to the text.
- 6Rf12 Explore how poets manipulate and play with words and their sounds.
- **Ri 6Rf13** Read and interpret poems in which meanings are implied or multilayered.

# **Reading (continued)**

#### Non-fiction

- Ru 6Rn1 Analyse how paragraphs and chapters are structured and linked.
- **Ru 6Rn2** Recognise key characteristics of a range of non-fiction text types.
- **Ru 6Rn3** Explore autobiography and biography, and first and third person narration.
- Ru 6Rn4 Identify features of balanced written arguments.
- **Ru 6Rn5** Compare the language, style and impact of a range of non-fiction writing.
- **Rx 6Rn6** Distinguish between fact and opinion in a range of texts and other media.

### **Writing**

#### **Fiction**

- Wc 6Wf1 Plan plot, characters and structure effectively in writing an extended story.
- Wt 6Wf2 Manage the development of an idea throughout a piece of writing, e.g. link the end to the beginning.
- 6Wf3 Establish and maintain a clear viewpoint, with some elaboration of personal voice.
- Wt 6Wf4 Use different genres as models for writing.
- **Wt 6Wf5** Use paragraphs, sequencing and linking them appropriately to support overall development of the text.
- **Wt 6Wf6** Use a range of devices to support cohesion within paragraphs.
- Wc 6Wf7 Develop some imaginative detail through careful use of vocabulary and style.

# Writing (continued)

#### Non-fiction

- **Wa 6Wn1** Use the styles and conventions of journalism to write reports on events.
- Wa 6Wn2 Adapt the conventions of the text type for a particular purpose.
- **Wa 6Wn3** Select appropriate non-fiction style and form to suit specific purposes.
- 6Wn4 Write non-chronological reports linked to work in other subjects.
- 6Wn5 Develop skills of writing biography and autobiography in role.
- **Wa 6Wn6** Argue a case in writing, developing points logically and convincingly.
- Wa 6Wn7 Write a balanced report of a controversial issue.
- Wc 6Wn8 Summarise a passage, chapter or text in a given number of words.

#### **Presentation**

 Wa • 6Wp1 Use ICT effectively to prepare and present writing for publication.

- **6SL1** Express and explain ideas clearly, making meaning explicit.
- 6SL2 Use spoken language well to persuade, instruct or make a case, e.g. in a debate.
- **6SL3** Vary vocabulary, expression and tone of voice to engage the listener and suit the audience, purpose and context.
- **6SL4** Structure talk to aid a listener's understanding and engagement.
- **6SL5** Speak confidently in formal and informal contexts.
- **6SL6** Pay close attention in discussion to what others say, asking and answering questions to introduce new ideas.
- **6SL7** Help to move group discussion forward, e.g. by clarifying, summarising.
- 6SL8 Prepare, practise and improve a spoken presentation or performance.
- 6SL9 Convey ideas about characters in drama in different roles and scenarios through deliberate choice of speech, gesture and movement.
- 6SL10 Reflect on variations in speech, and appropriate use of standard English.

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